

Thread-drawing modules for OpenSCAD

Updated 2023-11-20. Ver 2.8; a few speed-ups (thanks to Odino).

Here are modules to draw accurate, ISO-standard threads in [OpenSCAD](#). The specification comes from [Wikipedia](#).

OpenSCAD modules

[The modules file is downloadable here.](#) (Right-click and Save Link As...)

[tarball](#)

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Created using this module! By [ixd_ui_id Creative Interface Design](#) (cd8df981183b9e00f781987b39c05acc)

There are two front-end modules:

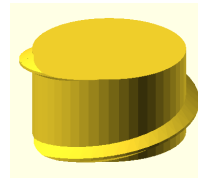
- `metric_thread` (diameter, pitch, length)
- `english_thread` (diameter, threads_per_inch, length)

`metric_thread()` input units are millimeters. `english_thread()` inputs are in inches, though the drawing dimensions are in millimeters.

There are several optional parameters that can be used with either of these modules:

- `internal=true`. Indicates that an internal thread (e.g., for a nut) will be drawn. Internal threads should be "cut out" from a solid using `difference()`. The default (`internal=false`) indicates that external threads (e.g., for a bolt) will be drawn. (The clearances for internal and external threads are different. See [Wikipedia](#).)
- `n_starts=1` (default). This provides the option to draw *multi-start* threads. These have two or more "parallel grooves" for the threads. For example, the DNA double-helix has two "starts". I used this option to [create a sprocket](#) for a Rohloff 14-speed bicycle hub, which has a proprietary six-start metric thread.
- `square=true`. (default: false). Standard square threads (per [Wikipedia](#)).

- `thread_size=N`. (default: same as pitch). Non-standard. This option allows the size of a single thread "V" to be specified independently of the pitch ("travel" per turn). In this example, the pitch is 4 mm, but the thread size is 1 mm.



- `groove=true`. (default: false) Non-standard. Draws the thread as an inverted "V" subtracted from the "bolt cylinder". In this example, the pitch is 4 mm and the thread size is 1 mm (as in the previous example), but groove is set true.



- `rectangle=RATIO`. (default: 1). Non-standard. Specifies a "square" thread that is actually a rectangle. In this example, `rectangle=0.333` - the "height" of the thread is one-third of its "width." In addition, the pitch is 8 mm while the thread size is 6 mm, and groove is set to true.



- `angle=DEG` (default: 30). Non-standard. Specifies the angle of the thread side measured from a line perpendicular to the thread axis. The default 30 degrees is the ISO standard.
- `taper=diameter/length` (default: 0). The amount of taper as change in diameter per length. The NPT standard is 1 inch change in diameter per 16 inches length.
- `leadin=N` (default: 0). Chamfer end of threads. 0: no chamfer; 1: chamfer at max-z end; 2: chamfer at both ends; 3: chamfer at z=0 end.

Note: left-hand threads. While there is no option for left-hand threads, such "reverse" threads are easy to create in OpenSCAD – use the "[mirror](#)" command to "flip" the part across a plane.

This module, which uses a polyhedron for each segment of the thread, was inspired by [Trevor Moseley's work](#), although the results there do not appear to adhere to the ISO standards (especially with regard to required clearances).

Please contact [me](#) if you have any questions or suggestions.